

# Flow Switch for liquids

G 1" Connection

**Datasheet** C.02/Apr2020

## FC10B04

### Material

PPA - Polyphthalamide















**How it works** A fluid flow through the sensor causes precise displacement of a magnetic piston and closes an electrical contact (reed switch).

- **Details** On/Off output; NO (SPST) working;
  - Detects increased or decreased flow;
  - Sensitivity adjustment<sup>1</sup>.



Actuation Range (in LPM)				
Water				
From ~4.3 to ~104				

- **Typical applications** Lubrification and cooling systems monitoring;
  - · Pipe fluid flow monitoring.

**Liquids** • Clean water, oils, lubricants and filtered fuels.









**Liquids with magnetic particles** will cause deposition/magnetic sedimentation and it will prejudice the operation of the sensor. Use magnetic filter before the sensor. Liquids with encrustation particles and/or solids require tests.

## **Technical specifications**

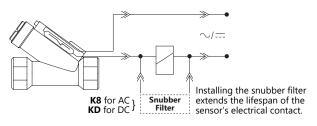
Internal clearance Maximum operation pressure Operating temperature range Inlet/outlet port Spring Sealing Output connection Enclosure rating

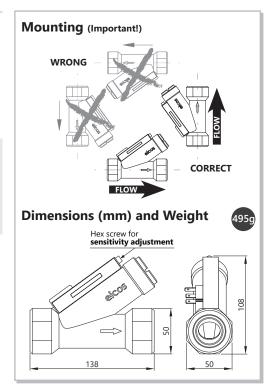
Electrical contact

380mm<sup>2</sup> 25bar 0°C to 100°C | 140°C @1h G 1" female (BSP - Parallel) AISI 302 stainless steel NBR (nitrilic rubber) O'Ring DIN 43650 Connector - B **IP66** Reed Switch 20W/VA

The sensors work in all voltage and current ranges displayed in the table bellow:				
Operating Voltage	Max. Switching Power	Max. Switching Current	<b>Peak Current</b>	
110Vac	20VA	0.2A	0.5A @20ms	
220Vac	20VA	0.1A	0.5A @20ms	
5Vdc	2.5W	0.5A	1A @20ms	
12Vdc	5W	0.5A	1A @20ms	
24Vdc	10W	0.5A	1A @20ms	
<b>24Vac:</b> Recommended use with Schneider coupling relay model RSLZVA1.				

### Typical connection to contactor





## **Notes**

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> In water. Set point accuracy: ±15%. Repeatability (not considering the viscosity change of liquids): ±10%.